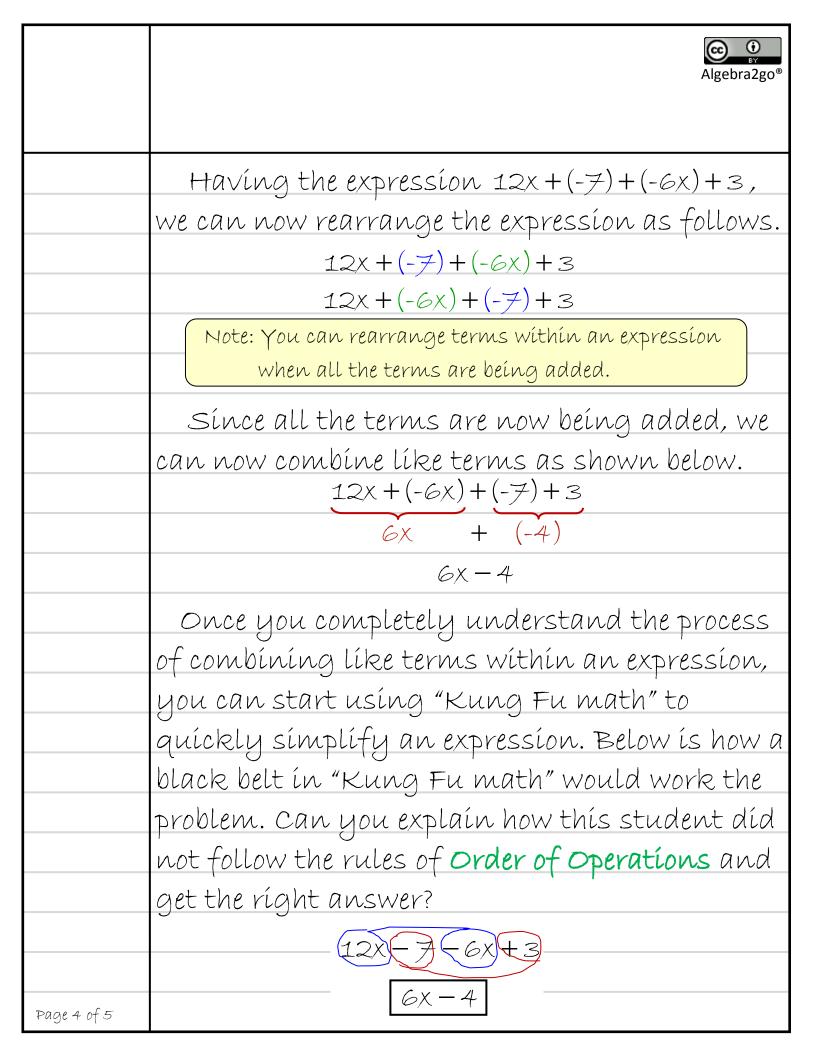
| | Algebra2go® |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Combining Like Terms |
| Objective 1 | Learn how to Combine and Identify Like Terms |
| | Terms like 3x and 5x are considered to be |
| | like terms because the variable parts are |
| | identically the same. The variable part is "x". |
| | To find the sum 3x+5x , we simply add the |
| | numeric parts. The variable parts remained |
| | unchanged. We can use the Distributive |
| | Property to demonstrate the process. |
| | 3x+5x = x(3+5) = x(8) = 8x |
| | |
| | Suppose we have $4y^2 - y^2$ or $4y^2 - 1y^2$. |
| | Sínce the variable parts are exactly alike, we |
| | can combine these two terms as follows. |
| | $4y^2 - y^2 = y^2(4 - 1) = y^2(3) = 3y^2$ |
| | The terms 86 ² and 26 are not like terms |
| | since the variable parts are not identically the |
| | same. Símílarly, 5x ² and 3y ² are not líke |
| | terms. Note the following. |
| | $8b^2 - 2b = Cannot Combine$ |
| | $5x^2 + 3y^2 = Cannot Combine$ |
| Page 1 of 5 | |

<u>_</u> Algebra2go® Example 1: Combine like terms if possible. $f) 8n^{3} + 6n^{3} - 3n^{3}$ a) 2x + 7x $(9) \frac{8}{b^2} + \frac{6}{b^2} - \frac{3}{b^2}$ b) $\frac{2}{x} + \frac{5}{x}$ c) $3a^2 - 7a^2$ h) 3ab² - 7ab² + ab² d) $8a^2 - 11b^2$ $i) 14x^2y^3 - 10x^2y^3$ e) $25p^{3}q^{2} - 15p^{2}q^{3}$ (j) $a^{7}b^{5}c^{4} - a^{7}b^{5}c^{4}$ Page 2 of 5

| | Algebra2go® |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Objective 2 | Combine Like Terms within an Expression |
| • | Suppose we are asked to simplify the |
| | expression 12x - 7 - 6x + 3 by combing like |
| | terms. |
| | Remember that the rules for Order of |
| | Operations state we must work left to right |
| | when we have additions and subtractions. But |
| | we are unable do this with the expression |
| | 12x - 7 - 6x + 3 since the first two terms |
| | 12x and 7 are not like terms! |
| | |
| | However, if rewrite the subtractions as |
| | "adding negative quantities", we can then |
| | rearrange terms within the expression. |
| | Remember, subtracting a negative number is the same as adding its opposite! Applying this technique to an expression is demonstrated below. |
| | 12x - 7 - 6x + 3 |
| | 12x + (-7) + (-6x) + 3 |
| | |
| Page 3 of 5 | |



<u>()</u> Algebra2go[®] Example 2: Simplify each expression by combing like terms. a) 8a - 4a - 6 - 2 f) -a - b - 3a + 5 - 4bb) 3x - 5 - x - 7 g) -8 - 7 - 5 - 2c) $-5+a^2-10-4a^2$ h) -(-8p)-3q-4p+6qd) -8x - 7 - (-5x) - (-2) i) $-10y^3 - 10x^2 - 10y^2$ e) $\mathcal{F}p^{3} - q^{2} - 10p^{3} + 5q^{2}$ (j) $a^{2}b^{2} - b^{2}c^{2} + a^{2}c^{2}$ Page 5 of 5