

Unit 9
Native Americans
Digital Components

GRADE 5

Core Knowledge Language Arts®



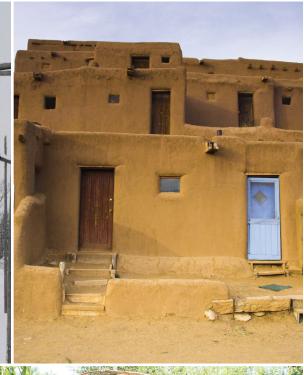
Contents Native Americans

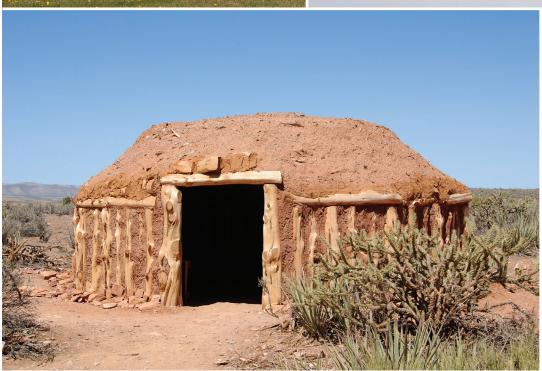
Digital Components

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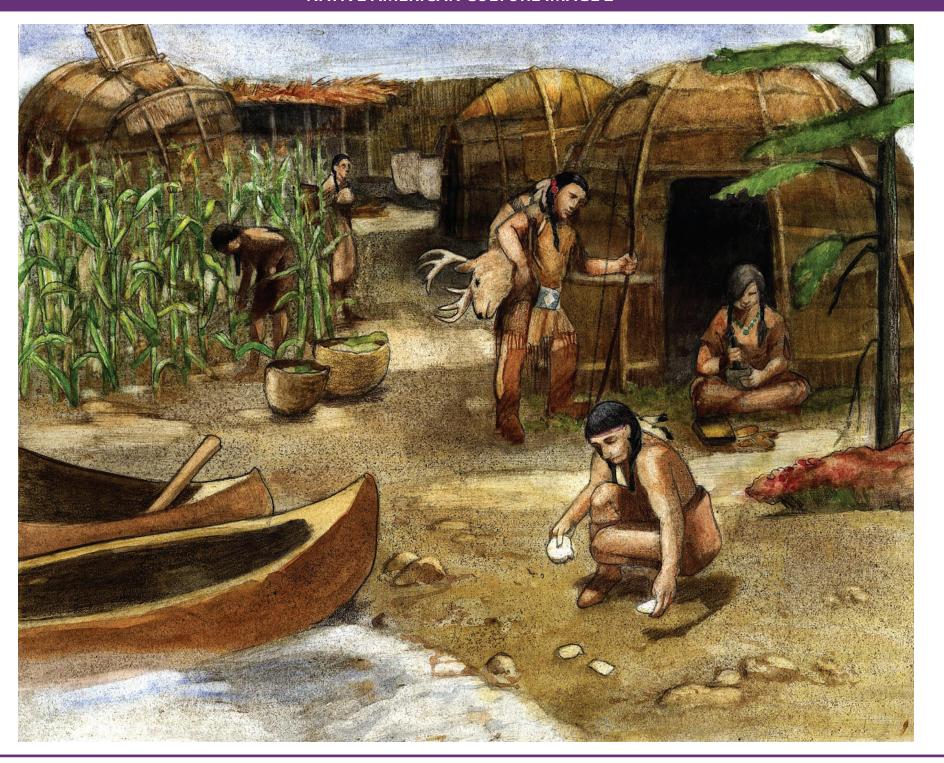
















Read to find out how the arrival of European explorers and settlers changed the lives of Native Americans.

THE BIG QUESTION

How did European exploration and settlement of what is now the United States change the way Native Americans lived?

Read to find out how European ideas of land ownership conflicted with the beliefs and cultures of Native American tribes living in the Great Plains, Great Basin, and Northwest Plateau.

THE BIG QUESTION

How did European ideas of land ownership conflict with the beliefs and cultures of Native American tribes living in the Great Plains, Great Basin, and Northwest Plateau?

Words and Phrases Describing Perceptions of Land and Its Use

- boundaries set by nature
- colonies
- land of their ancestors
- to own land
- papers
- property deed
- property lines
- part of the land
- caretakers
- defined borders
- all living things are part of the same earth
- everything came from the same creator

PERCEPTIONS OF LAND AND ITS USE CHART

Perceptions of Land and Its Use		
Native Americans	European Explorers, Settlers, and U.S. Citizens	

VERB TENSE POSTER

Verb Tense		
Past	Use the past tense to describe events that have already happened.	Yesterday we <i>listened</i> to Native American stories.
Present	Use the present tense to describe events that are happening at the moment or to talk about habitual or continuous actions.	We <i>listen</i> to Native American stories during our history class.
Future	Use the future tense to describe events that will happen.	Tomorrow we will listen to Native American stories.

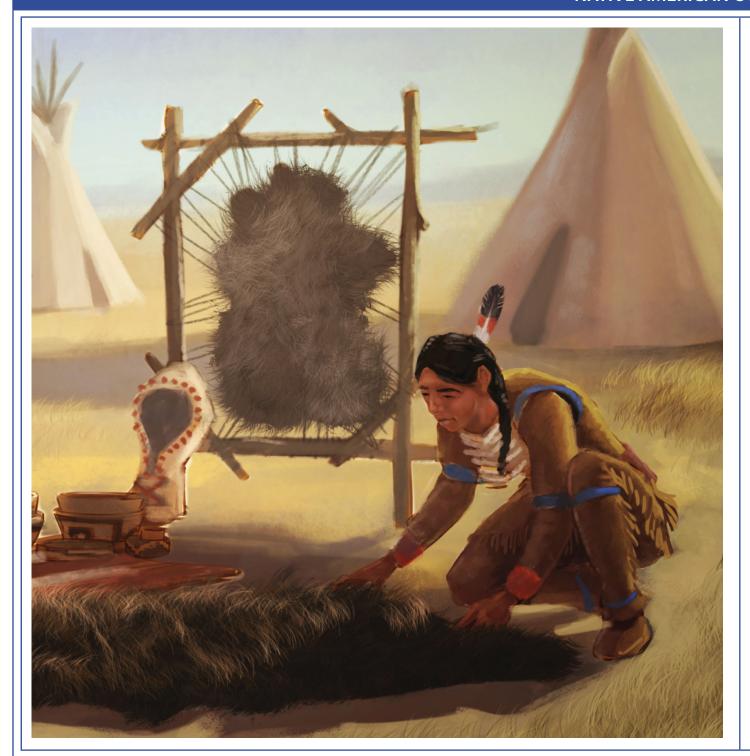
Examples of Incorrect Shifts in Verb Tense

The English settled first at Jamestown, Virginia, where they will build a fort in 1607 CE.

Macha and Mahkah run across the grassy plain and looked for buffalo.

Delsin will visit his cousin this summer and traveled on an airplane.

NATIVE AMERICAN OUTSIDE TEPEE IMAGE



This image shows a Native American on the Great Plains, outside his family's tepee. The dusty landscape of the Great Plains can be seen in the background. The tepee in this image is made of many buffalo hides sewn together and supported by poles made of pine. In the foreground, the young Native American is preparing hides to be used or traded. The skin on the stick frame is being dried in the sun, and may be used to make clothing, a tepee cover, bedding, moccasins, or for another purpose.

SAMPLE PERSUASIVE ESSAY

	SAMIFEE PERSONSIVE ESSAT	
ntroduction	Nature and its resources were very important to Great Plains tribes. Native Americans who lived in the Great Plains were dependent on things from nature to survive and thrive. I think this image best shows the relationship between Native Americans and the land because it shows how important the Great Plains habitat was in shaping the tribes' way of life.	states the opinion/argumen
	This image shows a young man working in front of his family's tepee. His clothing and moccasins are made from the hides of buffalo. The tepee sits on the dusty ground of the Great Plains. Tall, wooden sticks support the tepee cover, and you can see them through the opening at the top of the tepee. A hide is being dried in the sun using a support made of sticks and thread.	detailed image description
	In this image you can see the dry, dusty landscape of the Great Plains. It could sometimes be hard for tribes of the Great Plains to find food because of the harsh habitat. The characteristics of this land greatly influenced the way of life for Native Americans in the Great Plains. Over time, the tribes of the Great Plains had to adapt to the environment.	1 st piece of supporting evidence
Body	Buffalo were the largest animals in the Great Plains, and the tribes depended on the buffalo in almost every way. One way they used buffalo was to make the covers for tepees, like the one in this image. Tepees were an important part of the way of life of Native Americans who lived on the plains. Tepees were made from resources they could find in nature. They used wood to make sturdy poles for the tepee. They used buffalo hide to make durable covers to stretch over the poles, and they used sinew from the buffalo to sew the covers together. The tepee in this image shows how important the animals and plants were to Native Americans of the Great Plains.	2 nd piece of supporting evidence
	Not only did the Native Americans use buffalo hides to create tepee covers, but they also used the hides for their clothing. In this image, the clothing and moccasins the man is wearing were made from a buffalo's hide. Native Americans used the whole buffalo to survive and thrive; everything had a purpose.	3 rd piece of supporting evidence
Conclusion	The buffalo, an important part of the Great Plains landscape, was important to the Great Plains Native Americans' way of life. The harsh landscape made it difficult to survive in the Great Plains. By using an important part of nature, the buffalo, the Native Americans of the Great Plains adapted to the environment and were able to thrive. I chose this image because it shows how important buffalo and the natural habitat of the Great Plains were to the Native American way of life.	states the opinion/argumer in a new way

Read two traditional Native American stories to learn what they reveal about Native American culture.

THE BIG QUESTION

What do these Native American stories reveal about the culture of the Comanche and the **Lakota Sioux?**

Read to understand how the arrival of explorers, miners, missionaries, and settlers affected Native Americans living in what is now California.

THE BIG QUESTION

What impact did the arrival of explorers, miners, missionaries, and settlers in what is now California have on Native Americans' way of life?

WRITING SAMPLES CHART

Sample #1

Home Sweet Home

Most tribes from the Plains and neighboring regions were seminomadic. This means they did not live in one place all year long. For example, Plains tribes usually followed the buffalo, and they also go to special camps during the frigid winters. At the time tepees are built using only buffalo hides and wooden poles, but they could stand up to thunderstorms and blizzards.

Tribes of the Great Basin build domed houses called wigwams, which were cozy and safe in all kinds of weather.

Sample #2

Interview with a Native American Doll Maker

For the face and body, I use leather that is made from a female deer. This kind of leather stretches and is smooth. It was also the right color. For the clothes, I use feathers, beads, cotton, and velvet. I painted the doll's eyes. I also gave the dolls accessories such as a basket or a belt.

Sample #3

A Visit to The Crazy Horse Memorial

Next month, Mr. Kolvin's class will visit a large mountain carving in the mountains of South Dakota. They took a two-hour bus ride to the Crazy Horse Memorial. At the Crazy Horse Memorial, they will learn about Native American heroes. They listen to a Native American elder tell a story. They hike halfway up the memorial and see the amazing views below.

PERSUASIVE ESSAY RUBRIC

	Exemplary	Strong	Developing	Beginning
Introduction	Paragraph clearly expresses the argument	Paragraph states the argument	Paragraph loosely relates to the argument	Paragraph does not make an argument
Body	The image is described with clear descriptive language	The image is described with descriptive language	The image is described with some descriptive language	The image is not described with descriptive language
	All evidence clearly supports the argument	Most evidence supports the argument	Some evidence supports the argument	Little or no evidence supports the argument
	All evidence is clearly drawn from a reliable source	Most evidence is drawn from a reliable source	Some evidence is drawn from a reliable source	Little or no evidence is clearly drawn from a reliable source
Conclusion	Paragraph incorporates or presents the argument in a new way	Paragraph restates the argument	Paragraph loosely relates to the argument	Paragraph does not relate to the argument
Structure of the Piece	All facts relate closely to the argument	Most facts relate to the argument	Some facts relate to the argument	Few or no facts relate to the argument
	Supporting facts are presented in a logical order	Most supporting facts are presented in a logical order	Some supporting facts are presented in a logical order	Logical facts are disordered and confusing
	All information has been paraphrased	Most information has been paraphrased	Some information has been paraphrased	Little or no information has been paraphrased

Read closely to examine the author's language for a deeper understanding of what life was like for Native Americans living in what is now California before and after the arrival of explorers, miners, missionaries, and settlers.

THE BIG QUESTION

What impact did the arrival of explorers, miners, missionaries, and settlers in what is now California have on Native Americans' way of life?

Read to understand how the habitat of the Pacific Northwest influenced the daily life and culture of Native American tribes living there.

THE BIG QUESTION

Prior to the arrival of Europeans, how did the habitat of the Pacific Northwest influence the culture of local Native American tribes?

TRANSITIONAL WORDS AND PHRASES THAT SHOW TIME POSTER

Transitional Words and Phrases That Show Time

eventually first, second, third, etc. later

for a second, minute, hour, day, etc. at first after

during the morning, day, week, etc. before afterwards

shortly after that at last once

at the same time previously last

immediately finally then

next soon

Read to understand how stories told by Native Americans of the Pacific Northwest reflected their values and were used to explain things that happen in nature.

THE BIG QUESTION

How did tribes of the Pacific Northwest use myths to explain things in nature?

Read to find out how the arrival of settlers and the U.S. government's actions affected Native Americans living west of the Mississippi River.

THE BIG QUESTION

How did the arrival of settlers and the U.S. government's actions affect Native Americans living west of the Mississippi River?

CAUSE AND EFFECT POSTER

Cause	an event or circumstance that makes something happen the reason something happens answers the question why?	
Effect	something that happens as a result of, or because of, a cause tells what happened	

Read closely to examine the author's words, sentences, and literary devices for a deeper understanding of how the arrival of Europeans and U.S. government policies affected Native American tribes.

THE BIG QUESTION

How did the arrival of settlers and the U.S. government's actions affect Native Americans living west of the Mississippi River?

Read to understand how and why Luther Standing Bear's opinion of "assimilation through education" differed from that of Richard Henry Pratt.

THE BIG QUESTION

How did events in Luther's life affect his view of assimilation?

Read to understand why the Battle of the Little Bighorn was important in the shared history of the European settlers and Native Americans.

THE BIG QUESTION

Why was the Battle of the Little Bighorn important in the shared history of the European settlers and Native Americans?

COMMA USAGE POSTER

Comma Usage	Example
Use a comma to set off the words yes and no from the rest of the sentence.	Yes, I would like another slice of apple.
Use a comma to set off a tag question.	That is true, isn't it?
Use a comma to indicate when directly addressing a person or group.	Class, please give a warm welcome to our new student.

Read closely to examine the author's words, sentences, and literary devices for a deeper understanding of "Battle of the Little Bighorn."

THE BIG QUESTION

Why was the Battle of the Little Bighorn important in the shared history of the European settlers and Native Americans?

Read to learn how the Dawes Act affected Native Americans.

THE BIG QUESTION

How did the Dawes Act change Native Americans' land rights?

PERSUASIVE ESSAY EDITING CHECKLIST

TERSOASIVE ESSAT EDITING CHECKEIST		
Editing Checklist	After checking for each type of edit, place a check here.	
Meaning (It sounds right when I read it aloud.)		
All my sentences are complete and have a subject and predicate.		
I have checked how long my sentences are and split run-on sentences into two.		
All my sentences have correct subject-verb agreement in the present tense.		
I have used correct verb tense rather than inappropriate shifts.		
Format		
All my paragraphs are indented.		
Capitals		
I began each sentence with a capital letter.		
I used capital letters for all proper nouns.		
Spelling		
I have checked the spelling for any words I was unsure of or my teacher marked.		
Punctuation		
I read my writing piece aloud to check for commas at pauses and periods, question marks, and exclamation points at the end of my sentences.		
I used commas and quotation marks in places where they belong.		
Based on the fix-ups I found using my editing checklist, my writing will be stronger in the future if I remember to watch out for		
Editing Goal 1:		
Editing Goal 2:		

Read to learn why the U.S. government feared the Lakota people's cultural connection to the past, and how this affected the way they dealt with the Lakota people.

THE BIG QUESTION

Why did the U.S. government fear the Lakota's cultural connection to the past, and how did this affect the way they dealt with the Lakota people?

TITLES POSTER

Type of Work	Example
books	handwritten: The Secret Garden by Frances Hodgson Burnett word processed: The Secret Garden
movies & television series	Homeward Bound from Walt Disney Pictures Homeward Bound
works of art: paintings, photographs, statues	Mona Lisa by Leonardo da Vinci Mona Lisa
chapters	"The Key to the Garden" (chapter 7 of The Secret Garden)
short poems	"A Bird Came Down the Walk" by Emily Dickinson
songs	"Sakura" (a Japanese folksong depicting spring)

Recommended Resources for Native Americans

Books

For Students

Children of the Tipi: Life in the Buffalo Days, edited by Michael Oren Fitzgerald (Wisdom Tales, 2013) ISBN 978-1937786090

Custer's Last Battle: Red Hawk's Account of the Battle of the Little Bighorn, by Paul Goble with foreword by Joe Medicine Crow (Wisdom Tales, 2013) ISBN 978-1937786113

Eyewitness Books: North American Indian, by David S. Murdoch (DK Children, 2005) ISBN 978-0132133616

The Horse and the Plains Indians: A Powerful Partnership, by Dorothy Hinshaw Patent with photographs by William Muñoz (Clarion Books, 2012) ISBN 978-0547125510

If You Lived with the Indians of the Northwest Coast, by Anna Kamma and illustrated by Pamela Johnson (Scholastic Books, 2002) ISBN 978-0439260770

Meet Chistopher: An Osage Indian Boy from Oklahoma, by Genevieve Simermeyer with photographs by Katherine Fogden (National Museum of the American Indian and Council Oak Books, 2008) ISBN 978-1571782175

Meet Lydia: A Native Girl from Southeast Alaska, by Miranda Belarde-Lewis with photographs by John Harrington (National Museum of the American Indian and Council Oak Books, 2004) ISBN 978-1571781475

Meet Mindy: A Native Girl from the Southwest, by Susan Secakuku with photographs by John Harrington (National Museum of the American Indian and Council Oak Books, 2003) ISBN 978-0836837940

Meet Naiche: A Native Boy from the Chesapeake Bay Area, by Gabrielle Tayac with photographs by John Harrington (National Museum of the American Indian and Council Oak Books, 2002) ISBN 978-1582700724 Stories of the Sioux, by Luther Standing Bear (Bison Books, 2006) ISBN 978-0803293359

A Timeline History of Early American Indian Peoples, by Diane Marczely Gimpel (21st Century, 2014) ISBN 978-1467736381

Trickster: Native American Tales, A Graphic Collection, edited by Matt Dembicki (Fulcrum Publishing, 2010) ISBN 978-1555917241

Walking on Earth and Touching the Sky: Poetry and Prose by Lakota Youth at Red Cloud Indian School, by Timothy P. McLaughlin with paintings by S.D. Nelson (Harry N. Abrams, 2012) ISBN 978-1419701795

For Teachers

Do All Indians Live in Tipis?: Questions and Answers from the National Museum of the American Indian, introduction by Wilma Mankiller (National Museum of the American Indian and HarperCollins, 2007) ISBN 978-0061153013

Websites

For Students

Tracking the Buffalo: Stories from a Buffalo Hide Painting http://americanhistory.si.edu/buffalo/

Culture Quest: Infinity of Nations

http://nmai.si.edu/exhibitions/infinityofnations/culturequest/

Native Words, Native Warriors: Code Talkers http://www.nmai.si.edu/education/codetalkers/

Lakota Dictionary

http://www.lakotadictionary.org/nldo.php

Videos

Video: Horses

http://vimeo.com/80826401

"The Pledge of Allegiance" Spoken in Five Native American Languages

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1HmUm2AOdw

Hoop Dance—Lakota Sioux

http://www.loc.gov/item/ihas.200196492/

Primary Source: Full Text of the Hopi Petition and Accompanying Documents http://research.archives.gov/description/300340

For Teachers

American Indian Perspectives on Thanksgiving http://nmai.si.edu/sites/1/files/pdf/education/thanksgiving_poster.pdf

Harvest Ceremony: Beyond the Thanksgiving Myth http://nmai.si.edu/sites/1/files/pdf/education/NMAI_Harvest_Study_ Guide.pdf

National Geographic: Native American Horses http://ngm.nationalgeographic.com/2014/03/horse-tribes/quammentext

National Museum of the American Indian Lesson Plans http://www.nmai.si.edu/explore/foreducatorsstudents/ classroomlessons/

American Indian Library Association http://ailanet.org/

General Information on Native American Cultures http://www.history.com/topics/native-american-history/native-american-cultures

Assimilation through Education—Primary Sources from the Library of Congress

http://www.loc.gov/teachers/classroommaterials/primarysourcesets/assimilation/

North-South-East-West: American Indians and the Natural World http://www.carnegiemnh.org/online/indians/about.html



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