

### ଉତ୍କଳ ବାସୀ ।

#### THE RIGHT HON. MR. MONTAGU

We, with our brethren of Natural Orissa, greet our humble and heart-felt welcome to the Right Hon. Montagu, the Secretary of State for India. He arrived safely at Bombay on the 9th inst. and reached Delhi on the 11th. The papers say that his journey was an uneventful one. Just so, in these days of submarines. But, however, his visit to India cannot be uneventful, or rather, his visit will be full of events. He has come, we know, with his tongue sealed and ears parasitively opened. Utopian are the schemes and plans that are looming in the Indian horizon and more so are the hopes built. But we Oriyas, traders of ginger, do not have the presumption of a mercantile Dreadnought. Home Rule and self-autonomy are not within our scope and sphere. Having no Home, we cannot aspire for a Rule all our own. The Oriyas are of one mind and are peace loving and their prayer is, if the Home Rule propaganda can help them in the fusion of all the dis-membered Oriya-speaking tracts into one whole, we have every respect for it. Orissa has ever been a negligible quantity; linked to Bihar, she has had a feeble recognition. She was beyond the reach of imperial cognizance. No Viceroy ever thought of visiting her. The great Lord Curzon broke his journey and visited Paris just for a few hours which he could spare. Lord Hardinge, promise bound, paid a six-hours' visit at the most, for all of which we are grateful. But Orissa's complaints and grievances have gone unnoticed and unremedied. To make up, a memorial has been sent which is only an attempt to reach Mr. Montagu's ears, if his ears could be reached at all. A deputation is also one of the prayerful requisitions but it is a political psychology. There is no certainty, if deputations are to be allowed indiscriminately, even personal interviews are to be psychologically arranged. But Sir William Duke is one of the bureaucracy which accompanies Mr. Montagu and who is no other than our Commissioner old Mr. Duke genial and sympathetic and one of the ablest of Civilians. His coming out with the Montagu Mission has a significance which we Oriyas ought to count for much and we ask for a concession, to give Orissa what she wants. One "united Orissa" with Ganjam her kith and kin. Granted, that there would be administrative difficulties in the way of a conglomerate of all the Oriya speaking tracts in the outlying Districts or Provinces, let her have Ganjam next door to her, allied in every respect. Remove the political impediments, let the political administration be unimpeded and Orissa will bless the "stroke of pen" that rules the world.

#### OUR COMMISSIONER

We offer our hearty welcome to the Hon. Mr. Granning who comes to us not as a stranger altogether. He came to Orissa in the early period of his services and came again as our Officiating Commissioner, and he has come to us now very likely as our permanent Commissioner, which we wish so much. The Hon. Mr. Lesaurier has left Orissa with a splendid array of an able, conscientious and considerate administrator who kept his eyes and ears open for every minutest details of what happened in the Division in his charge. We have every reason to hope that this will be retained and continued under the new regime.

#### THE I. S. C. CLASS OF THE RAVENSHAW COLLEGE.

We have said our say in our last issue in respect of the I. S. C. class of the Ravenshaw College. The inadequacy of the seats is being keenly felt by the governors and guardians of the student class who have matriculated in the last Calcutta University Examination. There is a wave of agitation and if the authorities are not taking count of this they are to thank themselves for it. The Oriya People's Association, the Oriya Association and the Bengalee Settlers Association have sent their protests. Then there was a public meeting on the 17th instant very largely attended by all the communities in the town and outside. Government ought to know the needs and aspirations of a Division which has a diversity of interests, among which the need for higher education stands high and prominent. The President Rai Bahadur Janakinath Bose very aptly said that the present needs higher education for which the Government is anxious and is devising means to make it reach all classes, and it is especially felt in Orissa which is behind hand in every respect and is being handicapped in each and every turn of her attempts to attain her ends in educational matters. True, we admit, a new University has been created but what has Orissa gained thereby? The local College is a second class one, and its equipment is exemplified by one patent fact viz the I. S. C. class. To 20 seats, there are 88 applicants and not 150 as we said in our last issue, and to 200 seats for the I. A. class, there are 250 applicants. In the meeting of the 17th one of the speakers was pertinent enough to say that the Government of India ought to know that they have created a Province which is incomplete in itself, have endowed a College which is equally so. Nothing could be more appropriate and nothing so telling. In way of illustration, we will just cite one more instance. Our Government has opened a College class in the Ravenshaw Girls' school by allowing an I. A. class. We are thankful for this. It is a boon. But though a boon, it is proving a bane. There are two classes. How are they equipped? One lady professor and one lady to teach English, History and Logic, over and above Bengalee and what not? Such is our position, extrication from which now lies in the hands of those who ought to have foresaw this. In what predicament our boys and girls are? The boys and girls the latter especially, have therefore to choose branches quite against their wish and capability. The number of girls in the College classes will be larger this year, and what will be the arrangement to accommodate them in following up their curriculum? One lady teacher hydra-headed under the existing circumstances? Farical all and the arrangement is not what it ought to be.

Since the above was written, we are informed that the College authorities have arranged to allow admission to a larger number of students in the I. S. C. class for which we are very thankful to Mr. Principal Lambert. But we hope that all the 88 applicants will be admitted. There are a few students who belong to Ganjam but have matriculated in Cuttack and they ought not to be deprived of the privilege, and it would wound the feelings of the Oriyas if they are excluded, because, the students are genuine Oriyas. Their exclusion would mean their extinction from a University career as they will have no other place to go to. We are further told that there has been some difficulty to admit those who have matriculated in the Second Division. First and Second are mere accidents. The latter might have misad to come out in the First Division, only a few marks and he ought not to suffer for it for life. We hope the same arrangement has been made for the extra number for the I. A. class.

#### MR. MONTAGU PRESENT ARRANGEMENTS OF VISIT.

According to present arrangements the Secretary of State will remain in Delhi till the end of the month. For the next two or three days he will receive visits from various members of the CBI's Conference, which has just finished its sittings, and the formal reception of addresses and deputations by the Viceroy and the Secretary of State will begin on Thursday. The party will leave Delhi at the end of November and spend the first twelve days of December in Calcutta. They next proceed to Madras and will be there from the 14th to 22nd reaching Bombay the day before Christmas and staying there till January.

#### THE GREAT MELA

We invite the attention of the public to the advertisement given of the great Mela published in the Vernacular columns of the last week's Dipika. The Mela will be held on the 12th of December next which is called "Our day" on account of our King-Empress's having held the great Coronation Durbar at Delhi on that date in 1911. We call for a ready response by the public. As is being arranged now by our Dist. officer, it will be an exceptionally attractive one and its success depends largely on the sympathy and co-operation of the public, because, the amounts to be realized are to be applied to a sacred purpose, i.e. the money so raised will go to the War fund in aid of the wounded soldiers. Needless to say that the celebration of the "Our day" is going to be held all over India.

#### CUTTACK CIRCUIT COURT

We learn that owing to lack of work the Cuttack Circuit High Court, staff is being reduced by the abolition of the posts of the superintendent and of another clerk. In our opinion if there is any need of abolition of any post it is that of the Asst. Registrar. In that case the expense of the Government may be considerably reduced and the superintendent may be authorised to carry on the work now being done by the Asst. Registrar.

We hope Govt. will at least consider the suggestion. The services of the present Asst. Registrar who is an able and experienced judicial officer may be utilised by placing him somewhere in the judicial line.

#### THE ORIYA.

We mentioned in our last issue that the Hon'ble Mr. M. S. Das had been appointed Editor of the proposed English Weekly to be named "The Oriya." It now transpires that our information was not correct. The paper will remain entirely in the hands of the Utka Union Committee and we understand, will come out very shortly.

#### COMMUNICATED

##### A VISIT TO CUTTACK.

People say that the world has undergone and is still undergoing changes, but it strikes one, as it nature has destined Utka or natural Orissa not to move with these surface changes, nor be affected too much laterally. The traveller who visited the country some 40 years ago, would find it in the midst of the same scenery, the same institutions, the same avenues environed by the same activities physical, intellectual, moral, as if the very feet of the ups and downs of life of her capital, were a dull, monotonous reminder to the observer. One could see from the stone floored Kattedi ghat right up the paved Mahanadi bank, the solemn sameness all through except for the new Circuit court and a hostel and a girls' school bigger than before. He will find too the old Survey School missing to the bitter regret and cha-

gria of young Utka. When one notices the same dead level of monotony in the public life of young Utka, one must needs be driven to pessimism as to her future, unless inspired by the hope that out of evil cometh good—would it that this evil war may yet bring good to Utka. Turning to yonder hills around up to the sea, the pessimist heaves a bitter sigh of despair that neither federacies, nor friends of the civilised west promise even a distant prospect of relief from the dull dreariness. Is there no escape from this seeming degradation? Why? It may be the inevitable. If so, why not submit to it. There is yet the optimistic consolation, that Utka's isolation from the vortex of western civilization is a blessing in disguise. It looks, as if, Orissa were impervious to westernisation. Be it even so. The tug of war between the opposite forces inland and outland is beyond control. The City looks down upon the Mofful as rustic and feudalised and the latter returns the compliment by characterising the city as denationalised and outlandish. In this struggle, the weaker must go to the wall. But Utka should, at least, keep her own civilization or according to the spirit of the age (yuga-dharma) follow the line of least resistance between eastern and western currents of thought. Is there any awakening or the same inert mass of lethargy as before? Neither the volarities of the western, nor those of the eastern Dharma seem alive to the responsibilities of the situation. One could easily see how the mediocrities in the social strata get transfixed to the upper ranks by the sheer force of intellect or by the other subtle forces of modernism, developing a new aristocratic caste, the vakils, the traders and officials and other licensed exploiters whose very Kitle fingers are thicker than the lions of the birth-aristocracy. Volcano within and volcano without, the soul of the nation oris in vain, "God save the nation from both." Those saintly sages who have grown perished with professional tricks, employed in securing wealth for self-aggrandisement may yet exemptly in their lives the noble lessons of service and sacrifice for the betterment of their community and country. Eloquence may be an advantage or be even a necessary qualification for a public man, but it can never be a substitute for public spiritedness much less for patriotism. The devoted work of a patriot is more eloquent than the loudest eloquence of an orator. Utka stands now in need of any number of men who will be prepared to consecrate their energies towards the uplift of the country, some as actual workers in the national institutions, started and yet to be started, others as earners for them and yet others as propagandists. A life of dissipation of energies in self-advancement merely for self-aggrandisement, is the damning picture of modern civilization which attracts the products of irreligious western education and the country looks up heaven-ward for an Aasha to propagate the inspiring lessons of selfless work as affording the highest self-satisfaction and summum bonum of life.

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ସ୍ତୁତିପାତ୍ର ପ୍ରଭୃତି ପଦ୍ଧତ୍ୟାନ୍ତରାଳରେ ଥିବାର  
 ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଗଣଙ୍କ କୌଣସି କାର୍ଯ୍ୟରେ ପ୍ରାଧିକାର  
 ପ୍ରାପ୍ତ ହେବ ନାହିଁ । ମତେକ୍ଷା ପାଦେବ  
 କ୍ଷେତ୍ର ସମସ୍ତ ଅଭିଭାବୀୟ ଅଧିକାରୀଙ୍କ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ-  
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 ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବାରୁ ଏଥିରେ କୌଣସି  
 ପରିସଂହାର ନାହିଁ । ଅନ୍ୟାନ୍ୟ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟରେ  
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 କାର୍ଯ୍ୟରେ ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ସୂଚନା ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବାରୁ  
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ଏହି ପଦ୍ଧତିରେ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକାରୀ ଅଧିକାରୀଙ୍କ  
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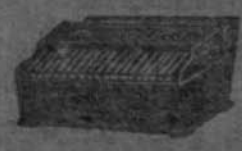




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National Harmonium & Co (U K)  
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**ପ୍ରିୟଜନଙ୍କର ପ୍ରୀତି ଉପହାର**  
**କର୍ଦ୍ଦାଳ ଶ୍ରୀ ଦାଶରଥ କେରଳକର**  
**କେତକୀ କମ୍ପାନୀ ଲେଲ ।**



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# ଉତ୍କଳ ଡିପିକା

ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ସମ୍ବାଦପତ୍ରିକା

## THE UTKAL DIPIKA

Cuttack, Saturday the 24th November 1917

ଗୁରୁବାର ୨୪ ଡିସେମ୍ବର ୧୯୧୭

ଦ୍ଵିତୀୟ ଶ୍ରେଣୀର ଟାକ୍ସ  
ପତ୍ର-ପାଠକଙ୍କୁ ଟ ୧.୦୦  
ପ୍ରତି-ସଂଖ୍ୟା ଟ ୦.୧୦

### କର୍ମକ୍ଷେତ୍ର

ଉତ୍କଳ-ପତ୍ର-ପାଠକଙ୍କୁ  
ପତ୍ର-ପାଠକଙ୍କୁ ଟ ୧.୦୦  
ପ୍ରତି-ସଂଖ୍ୟା ଟ ୦.୧୦

ଉତ୍କଳ-ପତ୍ର-ପାଠକଙ୍କୁ  
ପତ୍ର-ପାଠକଙ୍କୁ ଟ ୧.୦୦  
ପ୍ରତି-ସଂଖ୍ୟା ଟ ୦.୧୦

### କଟକ ପଞ୍ଚାୟତରାଜର ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ

#### ପଞ୍ଚାୟତରାଜ

ଉତ୍କଳ-ପତ୍ର-ପାଠକଙ୍କୁ  
ପତ୍ର-ପାଠକଙ୍କୁ ଟ ୧.୦୦  
ପ୍ରତି-ସଂଖ୍ୟା ଟ ୦.୧୦

ଉତ୍କଳ-ପତ୍ର-ପାଠକଙ୍କୁ  
ପତ୍ର-ପାଠକଙ୍କୁ ଟ ୧.୦୦  
ପ୍ରତି-ସଂଖ୍ୟା ଟ ୦.୧୦

### No. 70 NOTICE

Wanted a senior Head Warder for the Baripada Jail pay Rs. 25 rising to Rs. 30 per month. None but experienced men need apply. Apply to the Superintendent, Baripada Jail, stating age and with copies of certificates of good work and character on or before the 30th instant. Baripada } O. C. Aich. Superintendent Baripada Jail Mayurbhanj. 13-11-17 }

### No. 71 WANTED

A Professor of Mathematics at Ravenshaw College, Cuttack. The selected candidate will be appointed to a temporary post on Rs. 200 a month outside the grades of the Educational Services. Preference will be given to natives of or persons domiciled in the Province of Bihar and Orissa who have obtained the M. A. or M. Sc. degree in Mathematics in the first or second class. Applications should reach the undersigned not later than the 3rd of December, 1917. Ranchi } N. S. Mohan Das, Secy. Coll. Assistant Director of Public Instruction Bihar and Orissa. 19-11-17 }

### No. 74

Tenders are invited for the exclusive right of cutting, collecting and removal of Sonari bark for 2 years from the Government forests of the Singhbhum, Chasibissa, Purnah, Angul and Sambalpur Forest Divisions, respectively. Tenders should be submitted before the 20th of December, 1917. The forest Department does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender and the lessee will be required to conform to conditions of collection which may be obtained from undersigned. Ranchi } H. B. Haine's Conservator of Forests, Bihar and Orissa. 17-11-17 }

### No. 72 WANTED

1. Office..... Superintending Engineer's Office, Orissa Circle.  
2. Post vacant and pay..... Temporary Estimator on Rs. 80 per month for one year.  
3. Qualifications required..... A thoroughly qualified Estimator with not less than two years' experience in a Superintending or Executive Engineer's Office. Preference will be given to an applicant who is a native of Bihar and Orissa or is domiciled in the province.  
4. Officer to whom application should be made..... Superintending Engineer, Orissa Circle, Cuttack.  
5. Date by which application should be submitted..... 10th November 1917. Cuttack } V. S. BREMNER, Superintending Engineer, Orissa Circle. 6-11-17 }

### No. 73 WANTED

1. Office..... Orissa Circle.  
2. Post vacant and pay..... Temporary Surveyor on a consolidated pay of Rs. 100 per month for four months.  
3. Qualifications required..... The applicant must have passed an examination qualifying him as a Sub-Overseer from the Bihar School of Engineering or from any other recognized Engineering School or College and have had experience on irrigation surveys. Preference will be given to an applicant who is a native of Bihar and Orissa or is domiciled in the province.  
4. Officer to whom application should be submitted..... Superintending Engineer, Orissa Circle, Cuttack.  
5. Date by which application should be submitted..... 10th December 1917. Cuttack } W. S. BREMNER, Superintending Engineer, Orissa Circle. 10-11-17 }

### No. 66

Wanted (1) an experienced Intermediate passed Head Master for the Sirsa M. E. School in Mayurbhanj State on Rs. 10 (40-55 grade.) An L. T. will have preference. (2) An Intermediate passed trained teacher for Baripada H. E. School on Rs. 30 (50-40 grade.) Both candidates should be of active habits and have knowledge of games. They shall have to join at once. Apply to the undersigned stating age, qualifica-

tions, residence, and past services by the 5th December, 1917. Baripada } S. N. Chatterjaya Superintendent of Education Mayurbhanj State. 9-11-17 }

### OUR DAY.

Come one! Come all!! In aid of Red Cross Fund. Entertainments such as "Balmeeki Prativa," "Utkal Mata" and other varieties to be given by little boys and girls at Hon'ble Mr. M. S. Das' residence. Admission by tickets! Arranged by Miss S. E. Hazra B. A.

Tickets—  
Reserve—Rs.  
Ordinary—Rs 2 to 1  
For children and students—  
Half Price.  
Fixed date to be found on the tickets.

### ବିଜ୍ଞାପନ ।

ଉତ୍କଳ-ପତ୍ର-ପାଠକଙ୍କୁ  
ପତ୍ର-ପାଠକଙ୍କୁ ଟ ୧.୦୦  
ପ୍ରତି-ସଂଖ୍ୟା ଟ ୦.୧୦

**No. 77 WANTED.**  
 An I. A. I. Sc. or F. A. and a matriculate as teachers at Jarambha. Pay Rs. 45 & Rs. 25 respectively on probation and Rs. 50 and Rs. 80 when confirmed. Apply to the undersigned in own hand-writing, stating age, other qualifications and experience if any, before the 10th December, 1917.  
 Jarambha Sd. B. M. Panda B. A., P. O. Alahira, Sambalpur.  
 16-11-17

**No. 78 WANTED.**  
 1. Office ... Executive Engineer, Cuttack Division, Public Work Department.  
 2. Post vacant and pay ... Temporary Head Draftsman with the prospect of being made permanent, on Rs. 50 per month.  
 3. Qualification required ... Passed Sub-Overseer with experience in Government Offices preferably in an Executive Engineer's Office and able to prepare plans from sketches. Must either be a native of this province or domiciled therein. Preference will be given to an Upper Subordinate.  
 4. Officer to whom application to be made ... Executive Engineer Cuttack Division.  
 5. Date by which application to be submitted ... 10th December 1917.  
 N. B. ... The selected candidate will have to join immediately on receipt of orders.  
 M. N. Deb  
 Executive Engineer,  
 Cuttack Division.

**୧୨୯ ମସିହା ଦରମା ।**  
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ।

Dated (Cuttack) The 10th November 1917. O. M. Moharana Headmaster, Cuttack Training School

**୧୩୦ ମସିହା ଦରମା ।**  
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ।  
 A. S. Khan  
 ପ୍ରଶାସକ  
 ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ।

**୧୨୯ ମସିହା ଦରମା ।**  
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ।

**୧୩୦ ମସିହା ଦରମା ।**  
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ।

**ଅନୁଦିନ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଶୁଣାନ୍ତୁ ।**  
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ।

**No. 88 ଚିକିତ୍ସା ଉପରେ ।**  
 "RADICAL CURE OF ASTHMA."  
 Notice is hereby given that Asthma is permanently curable. Only 2 doses of medicines are to be taken and the marvellous efficacy of the same will then be manifest. It is altogether free from the baneful effects of the so-called permanent cures now in the market, as this is a simple drug, altogether harmless and is the "Gift of a Saint." No rigid rules are to be observed. Charge depends on the circumstance of the patient. Experiment and trial solicited.  
 Jagendra Nath Mahapatra,  
 19-7-17 Jailor, Cuttack Jail.  
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ।

ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ।

**୧୩୧ ମସିହା ଦରମା ।**  
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ।

**୧୩୨ ମସିହା ଦରମା ।**  
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ।

**MESSRS. MADHAVJEE, LAVJEE & BROS.**  
 ମେସର୍ସ ମାଧବଜି ଲାଭଜି ଏଣ୍ଡ ବ୍ରଦର୍ସ  
 କଟକ, ଉତ୍କଳ



**CUTTACK**  
 ମେସର୍ସ ମାଧବଜି ଲାଭଜି ଏଣ୍ଡ ବ୍ରଦର୍ସ  
 କଟକ, ଉତ୍କଳ  
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କ ପୁଅଙ୍କୁ ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ଦରମା ଦେବାକୁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ଏହି ଲେଖାକୁ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତୁ ।

### ଫିଲ୍ଡ ଓ କଲେଜର ସ୍ୱତନ୍ତ୍ରତା

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bihar and Orissa will hold a Darbar at Government House, Patna, on Friday the 30th inst., at 3-30 P.M. for the investiture of certain gentlemen on whom Decorations and Titles have been conferred by His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor and by His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

We draw the attention of the Government to certain irregularities in the selection of candidates for Pottas Subinspectorships in this Division. We are glad to learn that the Delhi gentleman who was recommended from Paris has been rejected. We are also glad to learn that another gentleman who was recommended from the District of Singhbhum, being not a domiciled of that District, has also been rejected and in his place an Oriya of that District has been appointed. But we fail to see how one candidate has been selected from the District of Cuttack who professes to be domiciled in the District of Manbhum. We understand he is really a resident of the District of Bankura. In these cases we do not understand why the most certain way of ascertaining their domicile is not followed. In our opinion the school register of the candidates, their University application forms and the Head master of the school or the principal of the College in which the candidate last studied ought to be referred to in addition to other tests now in vogue. We are informed that the candidate from Cuttack has still got houses and property in the District of Bankura. We hope the Local Government and the Inspector-General of Police, Bihar and Orissa, will carefully consider the matter. This is not a personal matter but involves a principle which is dangerous in its effects. The selection having been made from the District of Cuttack, preference should have been given to a native of the soil. It is really inexplicable how a resident of the District of Bankura, although professing himself to be domiciled in Manbhum could secure selection from Cuttack. We appeal again to the Local Government to ascertain the domicile of this gentleman and we hope the members of the Legislative Council will not be inattentive to it. We are grateful that some of the non-domiciled candidates already recommended have been rejected but we do not know how such recommendations were made and what steps have been taken to prevent recurrence such mistakes in future.

The present collector of Ganjam Mr. C. B. Cotterell deserves well of the people and Government as a man of action. From 1870 a series of orders were passed by Madras Government laying down the policy to restore Oriya to the status quo ante in all public and quasi-public affairs, and practically all these G.O.s remained dead letters till 1913 when Government discovered that the cause of this irregularity lay in the fact that the existing orders allowed an option of using Telugu as an alternative language which defeated the whole object. From 1913 they modified the existing orders by abolishing Telugu, declaring Oriya as the sole court language in the Gumsur Division. Even this arrangement did not deter the Telugu element into the public service. Ignorant of Oriya, from usurping the appointments in Gumsur Division, on the mere pretext that they know Oriya. It was reserved to Mr. Cotterell to apply a drastic remedy. For the purpose of clearing up the appointments in Ganjam, we readers know that Ganjam has been divided into 5 divisions consisting of the Agency Division, near Orissa, Kendhama, Ghumsur and Chatrapur

divisions covering the Rushikulya valley, and the Barnampore and Chicacole divisions covering the Southern half of the District. These divisions correspond to the subdivisions of Orissa District but several times bigger in area and population. Each Division (sub-division) has a Divisional officer having revenue and criminal jurisdiction over the (sub) Division with first class magisterial powers including those of hearing appeals from 2nd class magistrates placed under him. Ghumsur (sub) division has 3 2nd class magistrates and Chatrapur division has two. Thus in these two purely Oriya divisions, Ghumsur and Chatrapur, we have 5 2nd class magistrates and two 1st class magistrates. The collector of Ganjam who corresponds to the Divisional Commissioners of Bengal in point of local jurisdiction and population and official responsibilities, has recommended to Government the recognition of Oriya as the sole court language in the Chatrapur Division so as to assimilate the latter to the Ghumsur Division in point of Oriya language. He has, meanwhile, ordered the entertainment in Ghumsur and Chatrapur divisions of Oriyas in place of Telugus already in service in the Divisions, the latter being shifted to be absorbed in the Barnampore and Chicacole Divisions. A number of Oriya graduates are required to be trained for magisterial and Revenue duties including those of (sub) Divisional officers. Particulars of pay and qualifications will follow. Meanwhile, it is gratifying to note that even the services under Local and District Boards are being provincialised under the scheme submitted to Government by the District Board, Ganjam. This means lot of additional Government posts open to the Oriya candidates.

We publish below the reply of the Deputy Commissioner of Singhbhum on the resolutions passed by the Singhbhum Utkal Sabha for general information.

The Deputy Commissioner acknowledges with thanks the copy of the resolution passed by the Singhbhum Utkal Sabha and reads with pleasure their expressions of loyalty to the King-Emperor.

As regards the request that Government should be moved to take steps for the use of Oriya in the courts, offices and schools of the district, the Sabha are informed that the Lieutenant-Governor in Council considered this question last year and was of opinion that there was not sufficient reason to introduce Oriya as a court language and that the Educational needs of the Oriya in the District were receiving the sympathetic attention of the Educational Department.

The Honorary Secretary of the Orissa Association has received the following letter from the Secretary of State for India:—

Viceroyal Lodge,  
Delhi, the 19th November 1917.

Dear Sir,  
Mr. Montagu desires me to thank you for your telegram dated the 12th, November 1917, conveying to him a cordial welcome on behalf of the Orissa Association on the occasion of his visit to India.

Yours faithfully,  
Private Secy. to the Secy. of State.

**COMMUNICA "D.**  
II  
**A VISIT TO CUTTACK.**  
A student's peep into the inner workings of the educational system in vogue would reveal the phenomenal

process of production of hundreds of under-graduates and graduates with mental equipment not of the kind and quality up to the modern requirements and one sinks back into despair, that after all the post is right when he said "where ignorance is bliss it is folly to be wise". This is no where illustrated more forcibly than in the so-called Hindu girls' school of the town. How the products of the institution, conducted as it is entirely on western lines, will affect the future of our society, time only will show. The fact however is that there are very few Hindu girls up to the higher standard in the institution. One is tempted to call to mind the analogy of Indian medievalism which is responsible for the invention of conventions and rituals associated with a liberal list of gifts to the idle Brahmins. Simply because you have to provide the lady graduates turned out of our educational mills with high salaries, posts have to be created for them at public expense, irrespective of their utility to the national well-being. When once you concede that the education now imparted is not on national lines, that it does not suit the interests and tastes of Indian society and that it does not conduce to the development of the unique virtues of Indian woman much less of spirituality, which is the hereditary educational ideal of the Indian womanhood, you should make up your mind to forego the luxury of this costly game. There is no gain-saying the fact that national education of Indian womanfolk is necessary but assuredly the type of education now attempted to be imparted in our Public Institutions is calculated to degenerate at any rate the Hindu society. To impart non-religious education to Hindu girls, however good the motive, is in accordance only with the western ideal and, when confined to the dressy upper classes, it is perhaps not directly harmful, but any considerable spread of it among the mass means pouring the newest wine into the oldest of bottles. But yet to impart such education through the personnel of an alien religious persuasion is to leave the confusion worse confounded. It looks as if the west having started the ideal for the east and Government having sanctioned the institution, we must continue to worship the fetish. Time has come for suggestions for improvement in this direction and it is hoped that changes will soon follow to suit the local conditions and needs. In those days of railways which have annihilated distance, the good old pre-railway days are simply recalled in clear contrast with the din notes and hurry of modern locomotives in the midst of excited talk over local politics, council proceedings during journey, and this cannot fail to awaken the vibrating curiosity naturally associated with a visit to the capital of Orissa. It is discovered that during a scramble at the recent elections altogether a record capture of seats was secured for Orissa on the Local Council topped by the return of an Orissan member to the Imperial Council. This progressive stride is heart consolation enough apart from the recent earnest out-urge. May God bless the noble band with courage to fight out the battles of Orissa ere their short public life expire. One, however, thinks that the trifumvarate might accomplish much more than hitherto has been possible, provided, the Imperial and Local representatives be ever unitedly bent upon some achievements for Orissa. To satisfy public expectations some of the items might fairly squarely be attempted if there be the sincere purpose behind an unbending spirit for the objective. The public demands for certain educational institutions involving financial consideration cover only moderate ground, it only to satisfy the legitimate want of the people and may not

be too large an order for the popular representatives to find it within the range of practical politics. Among others, the most urgent needs are the institution of a school of engineering and M.A. and B.L. classes at Cuttack and of a College for Sanskrit culture at Paris. It is hard to say why the solemn assurances of Government in respect of the above have not yet been given effect to. We can only say that while during these war times, the Madras Government secured for the Andhra people, a Training College for teachers at Rajamahendravaram and an Arts College at Anantapur and a Civil Engineering School at Visagapatam and a Mechanical Engineering School at Dhone, the Orissa alone have the misfortune to be told that their educational wants cannot be met on account of war. In course, when Orissa is a sub-province of Bihar, there is hardly any chance of better treatment. But what are the Hon'ble members to do? Let them demand a separate Province if the present arrangements does not fulfill the very ordinary wants of the people.

ପୁସ୍ତକାଳ ପିଣ୍ଡା ଉପସ୍ଥାପନ — ଶୁଭ  
ସ୍ୱାସ୍ଥ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ନିମନ୍ତେ ଉପସ୍ଥାପନ  
ପୁସ୍ତକାଳ ପିଣ୍ଡା ଉପସ୍ଥାପନ ପ୍ରସ୍ତାବ  
କୋଲକାତାରେ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା । ଶୁଭ ପ୍ରସ୍ତାବ  
ସଂଗ୍ରହଣ ଏକାଦଶମ ଉପସ୍ଥାପନ ।

ଫେବୃଆରୀ ୧୯୧୮ — ଶୁଭ  
କୋଲକାତାରେ ଶୁଭ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା  
ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା  
କୋଲକାତାରେ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା  
କୋଲକାତାରେ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା

ଶୁଭ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା — ଶୁଭ  
କୋଲକାତାରେ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା  
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କୋଲକାତାରେ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା  
କୋଲକାତାରେ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା

କୋଲକାତାରେ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା  
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କୋଲକାତାରେ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା  
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କୋଲକାତାରେ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା

















# ଉତ୍କଳ ଦିପିକା

ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଉତ୍କଳ ସମ୍ବାଦପତ୍ରିକା

## THE UTKAL DIPIKA.

Cuttack, Saturday the 1st December 1917

ପୃ ୫୭୦  
ଟ ୨୭ ୬୩

ପତ୍ର ଖଣ୍ଡ ୧୨୯୦  
ପ୍ରକାଶକ ଶ୍ରୀ ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର  
ପ୍ରକାଶନ ଘର

ମୂଲ୍ୟ ୧୦ ୧୨ ୦ ୧୦ ୧୨ ୫ ପାଠକ ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ

### ଉପେକ୍ଷା

ଉପେକ୍ଷା ପତ୍ର ଖଣ୍ଡ ୧୨୯୦  
ପ୍ରକାଶକ ଶ୍ରୀ ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର  
ପ୍ରକାଶନ ଘର

ସିଗ୍ନିଫାଇଡ୍ ଯୁଗ୍ମ ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ  
ସର୍ବୋଚ୍ଚ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷକ । ଏହି ଉପ  
ଦେଖାଯାଉ । ସର୍ବୋଚ୍ଚ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷକ  
ନାମ ଉପରେ ଉପେକ୍ଷା ପତ୍ର ଖଣ୍ଡ ୧୨୯୦  
ପ୍ରକାଶକ ଶ୍ରୀ ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର ପ୍ରକାଶନ ଘର

No. 71 WANTED.  
A Professor of Mathematics at  
Ravenshaw College, Cuttack. The  
selected candidate will be appointed  
to a temporary post on Rs. 200 a  
month outside the grades of the  
Educational Services. Preference  
will be given to natives of or persons  
domiciled in the Province of  
Bihar and Orissa who have obtained  
the M. A. or M. Sc. degree in  
Mathematics in the first or second  
class.  
Applications should reach the  
undersigned not later than the 3rd  
of December, 1917.  
Ranchi } N. N. Mohan Das Gupta,  
19-11-17 } Offg. Assistant Director of  
Public Instruction,  
Bihar and Orissa.

signed stating age, qualifica-  
tions, residence, and past  
services by the 5th December,  
1917.  
Baripada } S. S. Chakravarti  
9-11-17 } Superintendent  
of Education  
Mayurbhanj State

No. 81 NOTICE.  
Wanted a capable Christian  
woman as matron in a board-  
ing school for Indian girls.  
Apply—Miss Thompson,  
Cuttack.

No. 80 NOTICE.  
Wanted an experienced L. A. passed  
Head Master for the Soro M. E.  
School on a salary of Rs. 40 per  
month with free quarters. The place  
is close to the Railway station. The  
selected candidate will have to join  
at once. Apply to the undersigned  
with testimonials by the 15th Decem-  
ber 1917.  
Soro } Secretary  
The 24th November } M. K. School  
1917. } Soro.

No. 83 WANTED.  
A passed Sub-Assistant Sur-  
geon for the Keonjhar State,  
Orissa, on a monthly pay of  
Rs. 40 rising by a biennial in-  
crement of Rs. 5 per month to  
Rs. 50. Candidates are invited  
to send in their applications  
stating their age, qualifications  
and testimonials to the Superin-  
tendent on or before the 20th  
December, 1917 and not by  
name.  
D. A. Macmillan  
Superintendent Keonjhar  
State  
24-11-1917

No. 72 WANTED.  
A passed and experienced  
accountant for the Kanika Raj  
on salary of Rs. 50 to 75 with  
biennial increment of Rs. 5.  
The selected candidates will  
have to furnish cash security  
of Rs. 500 and will have to join  
at once. Applications will be  
received by the Manager,  
Kanika Raj, P. O. Rajkanika,  
District Cuttack, up to the 10th  
December next.

No. 78 WANTED.  
1. Office Executive Engineer,  
Cuttack Division, Public Works  
Department.  
2. Post vacant and pay .....  
Temporary Head Draftsman with  
the prospect of being made perma-  
nent, on Rs. 50 per month.  
3. Qualification required... Passed  
Sub-Engineer with experience in  
Government Offices preferably in  
an Executive Engineer's Office and  
able to prepare plans from Records.  
Must either be a native of this  
province or domiciled therein.  
Preference will be given to an  
Upper subordinate.  
4. Office to whom applications  
to be made... Executive Engineer  
Cuttack Division.  
5. Date by which application to  
be submitted... 10th December 1917.  
N. B.—The selected candidate  
will have to join immediately on  
receipt of orders.  
M. N. Das  
Executive Engineer,  
Cuttack Division.

ଉପେକ୍ଷା ପତ୍ର ଖଣ୍ଡ ୧୨୯୦  
ପ୍ରକାଶକ ଶ୍ରୀ ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର  
ପ୍ରକାଶନ ଘର

### ଉପେକ୍ଷା

ଉପେକ୍ଷା ପତ୍ର ଖଣ୍ଡ ୧୨୯୦  
ପ୍ରକାଶକ ଶ୍ରୀ ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର  
ପ୍ରକାଶନ ଘର

No. 74  
Tenders are invited for the ex-  
clusive right of cutting, collecting  
and removal of Sonari bark for 2  
years from the Government Forests  
of the Singhbhum, Chaibassa,  
Pohabat, Angul and Sambalpur  
Forest Divisions, respectively.  
Tenders should be submitted  
before the 20th of December, 1917.  
The forest Department does not  
bind itself to accept the highest or  
any tender and the lessee will be  
required to conform to conditions  
of collection which may be obtain-  
ed from undersigned.  
Ranchi } H. B. Hoimes,  
17-11-17 } Conservator of Forests,  
Bihar and Orissa.

No. 66  
Wanted (1) an experienced  
Intermediate passed Head  
Master for the Sirsa M. E.  
School in Mayurbhanj State  
on Rs. 40 (40-50 grade.) An  
L. T. will have preference.  
(2) An Intermediate pass-  
ed trained teacher for Baripada  
H. E. School on Rs. 30 (30-40  
grade.) Both candidates  
should be of active habits and  
have knowledge of games.  
They shall have to join a  
once. Apply to the under-

୧୯୧୭ ମସିହା ଡିସେମ୍ବର ୨୯ ତାରିଖ  
 ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା  
 ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ଉପରେ ଉଲ୍ଲେଖ କରାଯାଇଥିବା କୌଣସି ଲେଖା ଉପରେ କୌଣସି ପ୍ରତିବାଦ କରାଯାଇ ନାହିଁ । ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ଉପରେ କୌଣସି ପ୍ରତିବାଦ କରାଯାଇ ନାହିଁ । ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ଉପରେ କୌଣସି ପ୍ରତିବାଦ କରାଯାଇ ନାହିଁ ।

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No. 38  
 ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା  
**"RADICAL CURE OF ASTHMA."**  
 Notice is hereby given that Asthma is permanently curable. Only 2 doses of medicines are to be taken and the marvellous efficacy of the same will then be manifest. It is altogether free from the baneful effects of the so called permanent cures now in the market, as this is a simple drug, altogether harmless and is the "Gift of a Saint." No rigid rules are to be observed. Charge depends on the circumstances of the patient. Experiment and trial solicited.  
 Jeggendra Nath Mukherjee,  
 19-7-17 Jailer, Cuttack Jail.  
 ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ଉପରେ କୌଣସି ପ୍ରତିବାଦ କରାଯାଇ ନାହିଁ ।

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MESSRS MADHAV JEE, LAVJEE & BROS.  
 ନେପଥ୍ୟ ମାଧବଜି ଲାଞ୍ଜି ଏଣ୍ଡ ବ୍ରଦର୍ସ  
 ଏକାଧାରୀ ଏଣ୍ଡ ଅଡର୍ସପ୍ଲାଇୟର୍ସ

Watches CLOCKS  
 Jewellers  
 Nayasadak P.O. Chandmichowk Gold  
 Silver Order suppliers

CUTTACK  
 ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ଉପରେ କୌଣସି ପ୍ରତିବାଦ କରାଯାଇ ନାହିଁ । ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ଉପରେ କୌଣସି ପ୍ରତିବାଦ କରାଯାଇ ନାହିଁ । ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ଉପରେ କୌଣସି ପ୍ରତିବାଦ କରାଯାଇ ନାହିଁ ।







ବୋଧୁର ସମ୍ପଦ ସମ୍ପାଦନା ।  
ଅନୁରୋଧ କରାଯାଇ ଯେଉଁ କାଳେ ସମ୍ପଦ ସମ୍ପାଦନା ସମ୍ପର୍କ ସମ୍ପର୍କ ମାଧ୍ୟମରେ ହେବ ।

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To the Bântor, Utikal Dipika.  
After the transference of the two states of Seraikella and Isharsvan to Orissa, the Viceroy and Governor-General has conferred upon these two chiefs the title of Raja as a hereditary distinction. The Chief of Seraikella could not, owing to his illness, attend the Durbar held by His Honour at Ranchi on the 10th September last, for the purpose of delivering Sanads and Khilats. The Political Agent, Orissa States, as representative of the Government delivered the said Sanad and a Khilat of brilliant diamond-set Siranch and a pistol in a Durbar held at Seraikella on the 15th November last. He made a fine speech given below. "Raja Udit Narain Singh Deo Bahadur, Feudatory Chief of Seraikella.

"It gives me great pleasure to be present here as the representative of Government on this occasion. It is just a year since at your request, your State was transferred to the control of the Political Agent, Orissa Feudatory States and I have now had an opportunity, during my present visit to the state, of becoming acquainted with the details of its administration. I am glad to confirm by personal observations the information I had already received as to the careful and conscientious manner in which you have performed your duty to your state and its people and by your personal efforts, assisted by members of your own family, have given them a Government suitable to their condition and requirements.

Your services to the Imperial Government have been no less noteworthy. Your ancestor for his loyalty and services during the mutiny was rewarded with a Khilat and the grant, in fee in perpetuity, of the state of Samikella. You yourself have worthily followed that good example and have been ever ready to give assistance to Government on such occasions as has been required.

Your ancestor received the title of Raja Bahadur in 1856 as a personal distinction and the title was subsequently conferred on you on your accession to the Uddoi. Recognizing your position as that of your state His Excellency, the Viceroy and Governor-General of India has now been pleased to confer upon you the title of Raja as a hereditary distinction and it gives me great pleasure to hand to you the Sanad of this title and the Khilat which has been presented with it and I hope you will live long to enjoy it."

G. N. Mahanty,  
Private Secy to the  
Chief of Seraikella.

ଅନୁରୋଧ କରାଯାଇ ଯେଉଁ କାଳେ ସମ୍ପଦ ସମ୍ପାଦନା ସମ୍ପର୍କ ସମ୍ପର୍କ ମାଧ୍ୟମରେ ହେବ ।  
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Notice.

THE HINDU RESTAURANT CHOUHURY BAZAR, CUTTACK. A golden opportunity for the gentry. A long felt inconvenience removed. Please come and try our dishes and be satisfied with their relishes and varieties.

We can assure that we do not adopt any sort of foul means either in preparing dishes or in dealing with our customers. N.B.—Special orders supplied if lodged with us before 12 A.M. that day.

ଶ୍ରୀ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା

ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା, ୧୯୨୭ । ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳ ସୁଭାଗ ଓ ଉତ୍କଳ ବିକାଶପତ୍ରିକା । ଉତ୍କଳ ସୁଭାଗ ଉତ୍କଳ ବିକାଶପତ୍ରିକା ଉତ୍କଳ ସୁଭାଗ ଉତ୍କଳ ବିକାଶପତ୍ରିକା ଉତ୍କଳ ସୁଭାଗ ଉତ୍କଳ ବିକାଶପତ୍ରିକା ଉତ୍କଳ ସୁଭାଗ ଉତ୍କଳ ବିକାଶପତ୍ରିକା

No. 2 ଶ୍ରୀ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ।

ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩

Honorary General Secretary Food Products Exhibition Council, House Street Calcutta.

ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩



ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩

K. P. Biswas & Co. 165/1 Baitakhana Road Harison Road, P. O., Calcutta

No. 28 ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ।

ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩

ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩

ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩

ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ।

ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩

No. 29 ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ।

ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩

ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩

ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩ ଉତ୍କଳପତ୍ରିକା ୧୨୩୩

B. B. Mukherji Munsifi Jajpore

# ପ୍ରଦାନକର ପ୍ରତି ଉପହାର କବିଶାଳ ଶ୍ରୀ ଚାନ୍ଦ୍ରଧର କେରକର କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।



କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
ପ୍ରଦାନକର ପ୍ରତି ଉପହାର  
କବିଶାଳ ଶ୍ରୀ ଚାନ୍ଦ୍ରଧର କେରକର  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

ଏହାର ପ୍ରଥମ ପ୍ରାଣର ୩ ଦର୍ଶନାଳୟାଳୀ, ଯେତେପ୍ରାଣରେ ଦର୍ଶି ଏହି ଦେବ ଗଣନା କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## ବିଶ୍ୱା-କଳି

ପଦର ଦେବ ଉପେକ୍ଷା ଏହାରେ  
ଅନ୍ତରାଳର କଥା ପ୍ରଧାନ ଉପେକ୍ଷା ।  
ଏହାର କାବ୍ୟର ଦେବ ଉପେକ୍ଷା, କବି  
ନାଦ, ପ୍ରକୃତ କୁଳା ନିହାରିକା, ଦେବ ପଦ-  
କର ଧରଣର ଦେବ, ଦେବକର ପ୍ରକୃ  
ଧରଣକରର ଦେବ କଥାର ସମସ୍ତ ଶାସ୍ତ୍ର  
ଉପେକ୍ଷା ଦେବ ପଦର ଦେବ ଓ ପଦର କୁ  
ଶାସ୍ତ୍ର ଶାସ୍ତ୍ରରେ କବିନାମାଧି ସମସ୍ତ କୟମ  
ପ୍ରକୃତ ଦେବ ପ୍ରକୃତ ଶାସ୍ତ୍ରରେ ।

## ପ୍ରତି ବଦନ

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## ଅଧ୍ୟାୟ ପ୍ରତିକା ଉପେକ୍ଷା ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କାବ୍ୟର ପ୍ରତିକା ଉପେକ୍ଷା ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## ପ୍ରତି ପଦମ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।  
କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।

## କେତକୀ କୟମ ଭେଳ ।







**୦୧୨ ମୂଳ** ୧୦୫୩।  
 ଅଧିକାରୀଙ୍କ ଉପସ୍ଥାପନାରେ  
 ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଗ୍ରହ କରାଯାଇ ଏହି  
 ପୁସ୍ତକଟି ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେବ। ଉପସ୍ଥାପନା  
 କାର୍ଯ୍ୟରେ ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଗ୍ରହ କରିବାକୁ  
 ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ  
 ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ

**୦୧୨ ମୂଳ ପ୍ରସିଦ୍ଧ ଆପତେ ଚାହିଁ**  
**ଉପଧ୍ୟାୟ ଓ ଦିକ୍ଷାଳୟ ।**  
 ଉପସ୍ଥାପନା  
**ଶ୍ରୀ ନନ୍ଦନୀମୋହନ ରାୟ**  
 କବିରାଜିଣୀ ।  
 ଦେବପାଳ, ଉପକ୍ରମ ଦତ୍ତ ।  
 ଗୋପ ବନବନ୍ଧୁ, ଉପକ୍ରମ ଦତ୍ତ ।  
 ଅଧିକାରୀଙ୍କ ଉପସ୍ଥାପନାରେ  
 ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଗ୍ରହ କରାଯାଇ ଏହି  
 ପୁସ୍ତକଟି ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେବ। ଉପସ୍ଥାପନା  
 କାର୍ଯ୍ୟରେ ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଗ୍ରହ କରିବାକୁ  
 ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ

**୦୧୨ ମୂଳ** ୧୦୫୩।  
**୧୦୫୩**  
 ଉପସ୍ଥାପନାରେ ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଗ୍ରହ  
 କରାଯାଇ ଏହି ପୁସ୍ତକଟି ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେବ।  
 ଉପସ୍ଥାପନା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟରେ ଉପାଦାନ  
 ସଂଗ୍ରହ କରିବାକୁ ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ  
 ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ ଉପାଦାନ

**"RADICAL CURE OF ASTHMA."**  
 Notice is hereby given that Asthma  
 is permanently curable. Only 2 doses  
 of medicines are to be taken and the  
 marvellous efficacy of the same will  
 then be manifest. It is altogether  
 free from the baneful effects of the so  
 called permanent cures now in the  
 market, as this is a simple drug, alto  
 gether harmless and is the "Gift of a  
 Saint." No rigid rules are to be  
 observed. Charge depends on the  
 circumstances of the patient. Exper  
 iment and trial solicited.  
 Jagendra Nath Mukherjee,  
 Jailor, Cuttack Jail.  
 19-7-17  
 ଉପସ୍ଥାପନାରେ ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଗ୍ରହ  
 କରାଯାଇ ଏହି ପୁସ୍ତକଟି ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେବ।

**୦୧୨ ମୂଳ** ୧୦୫୩।  
 ଉପସ୍ଥାପନାରେ ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଗ୍ରହ  
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**ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମୀବିଧି**  
 ଉପସ୍ଥାପନାରେ ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଗ୍ରହ  
 କରାଯାଇ ଏହି ପୁସ୍ତକଟି ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେବ।

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**ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମୀବିଧି**  
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**MESSRS MADHAVJEE, LAVJEE & BROS.**  
 ଉପସ୍ଥାପନାରେ ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଗ୍ରହ  
 କରାଯାଇ ଏହି ପୁସ୍ତକଟି ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେବ।



**CUTTACK**  
 ଉପସ୍ଥାପନାରେ ଉପାଦାନ ସଂଗ୍ରହ  
 କରାଯାଇ ଏହି ପୁସ୍ତକଟି ପ୍ରକାଶିତ ହେବ।



### ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସାମ୍ବାଦ

#### THE ORIYA

She is out at last. The first Oriya Weekly in English. We are authorized to say that she offers her gratefulness to the sympathy and support of our countrymen who have responded to our appeal so readily. Needless to say that although the full amount wanted has not been contributed still it has made the Utkal Conference Committee confident of the success in its enterprise long looked for and long wished for. It is an organ of the Conference and the Conference Committee is entirely responsible for it. Our only wish and prayer is that the "Oriya" may have a happy go in life and serve the purpose for which she has made her appearance.

#### SALT.

Life is salt and salt is life. It is not only a necessity but a bare necessity of life. But it bears an incubus in the shape of a tax over its breast and it is doubtful if such an imposition exists anywhere else under the reign of a civilized Government. In India it exists by imposition as one of the major heads of revenue. Salt is not only a part and parcel of human food but a necessary of life for beasts as well domestic and wild. It is an indispensable and inevitable ingredient of the Hindia medicine apart from its dietary value and Hindia pharmacy has therefore assigned four distinct names to its variety as "Saindhava" the rock salt of Sindh and Kohat, "Sakaubari" Sambar Lake salt, "Uhasata" salt produced from saline earth and "Samudra" salt produced from the sea. It is not a luxury such as tea and sugar, opium and ganja or the other concomitants of a created taste generated by means of a degenerative process settle down to the appetitive dignity of a daily habit indomitable and its bliss. Taxation on these are the most desirable. Though however salt cannot and ought not to come under this category, yet unfortunately it has been so catalogued and ear marked as a major head of Excise Revenue, which cannot be eschewed nor abandoned. Government however saw their way to forego Opium Revenue an equally major head in the State Budget in response to a sanctimonious and a syncretic agitation the consequence of which the Indian Finance Department almost every year lays bare with a labyrinth of sententious official verbosity of pros and cons to make the ends meet. Salt we have said is a necessary of life. It is now going on a high price. Lord Curzon reduced the duty which did not reach the retail sellers but however, the price remained low. Three pice per seer was within the poor man's reach and he did not feel the pinch. What is the state of things now? The price is rising like the value of a rising share market. It is four times three now and who knows or who can tell when and where it will have a march halt. It is going up on a scale beyond the apprehension of the common mass. High prices are now ruling over almost all the necessities of life and body and the reason is apparent to all. The destructive war is at the bottom and top of all. Our Government has come to know this and are going to take some remedial steps. This is what the "Statesman" writes.

"In the course of a month the price of salt in Calcutta has doubled. In October salt was selling, writes a correspondent, at six pice (one anna 6 pies) per seer. The price now is three annas a seer, and retail sellers say that there will be a further rise. Nothing touches the poor so quickly as a rise in the price of salt, because no food

can be cooked without it. This is a matter which the authorities should look to at once. If there is a falling off in imported or Liverpool salt, then rock salt from the Upper Provinces should be sent down in large quantities, or the Government might draw up an Ordinance authorizing the manufacture of salt locally."

Leaving apart the wide wide India, we are obviously concerned with Orissa which had once her salt manufacture. Needless to say that the salt is the Oriya's stay, and it will not be an exaggeration, if we said, that it is the Oriya's mainstay. The Oriya is fond of his Bhat especially the adulterated rice otherwise known as "Pakhhal Bhat". He must have it. It is a luxury of delicious relish with the gentry and aristocracy in hot dry summer. What is more, it is one of the divine offerings or bhog of our Lord Jagannath. Luxury apart, it is a necessary of an Oriya's life and salt is indispensable for the Pakhal. There is no other alternative to make the "Pakhhal Bhat" go. The Oriya is not pretentious. Before going out on his extra-mural labour or on his ratura theotro n; his pottul of Adam's first Indian food is an indispensable necessity. He is under no temptation to any secondary indulgence of spiced curry to let his Bhat go. If the indigenous green vegetable leaves "Sag" can be had well and good. But this cannot be had always, nor in all seasons and the Oriya is quite content with a pinch of salt. Only a pinch we say. With the high price now prevailing, with a prospect to go up still higher, the state of things where he will be landed can be better imagined. Contentment prevails throughout the Province. Home-Rule mania does not disturb nor perturb the Oriyas. They are mainly and solely concerned to see their oneness i.e. their unification with their brothers who are kept asunder and away, though living next door to each other. What could be more "ordeal"? Not only this. The saline tract extends from the north-east borders of the Balasore District going in a south-easterly direction towards the District of Ganjam down to its south eastern coast. Orissa proper and Ganjam are geographically i.e. territorially linked not administratively of course. The salt, the Oriyas of the two Provinces eat, is the product of one sea-coast line. But Ganjam being in the Madras Presidency has its salt brine manufactured and the Oriyas of Orissa proper do not possess the privilege to eat their own salt which their sea-shore yields in abundance, though not in super abundance yet to an extent to meet the demand of those who form the population of the so-called Orissa proper. They cannot take advantage of nature's gift at their very doors which the sea and the sun store up. Persecution and prosecution haunt, wait and knock at the doors of the ragged and hard to mouth living raiyats of the littoral tracts who dare go out for a scrape of the sun-dried deposit or to cool the salt brine for their hard earned and scanty "Pakhhal Bhat" meal which, will not only be un-eatable but utterly indigestible without a pinch of salt. What is worse still, the highly maintained, we are rather tempted to say, the richly entertained Salt Department officers when on their prow, (not patrol) scrape out the sun-dried deposits so that the village raiyats may not have any access to use them, much less to steal or sell. Perchance they do, and if a scrape out is found near or not very far from a village or there about the villagers are doomed. They must be unicted and unloved they are and this is what we mean by prosecution and persecution. We ask our Government to consider the matter which has come to a crisis or at least approaching towards it. Orissa has her resources of salt supply. Let an

Ordinance be passed to allow the coast people to manufacture salt as they used to do in days gone by, truly of course. There might be certain difficulties, but let the people have their go free of petty administrative restraints which are easily controllable and let the Government forego for the time being the little benefit of the obnoxious duty. If after this, the experiment proves false or is found a failure, it will die a natural death. India perhaps wants Home-rules. But Orissa wants her sore need a Home and Home manufactured Salt. Will our beetle Government vouchsafe unto us what we want? This is a query which comes from the heart of hearts of all the Oriyas.

#### MISS HAZRA'S PETE.

Miss Sudanes Hazra deserves all credit for her essay for the "Outday". It was an attempt on an altogether new style and she has come out with all success in keeping with the tradition of the family in which she lives. She drew good houses with her "Balmiki Pratihza" and "Utkal Mata." Imagination and innovation both came to work on a loyal and pious purpose which we hope has been well served as they were meant.

We publish below a letter which has reached us from Ganjam on the appointment of the Oriyas from the vaunting Orissa proper. The letter speaks for itself and we will have our say and a good say later on.

Copy of a letter from the Inspector of Schools I Circle to the Secretary Urya Samaj Ganjam, Aska.

"I have the honour to bring to your notice the most unsatisfactory behaviour of your nominee—Basudev Mahapatra whose application and testimonials for a Sub-Assistant Inspector's post were forwarded with your recommendation in your letter dated 6-12-16. On receipt of the application he was recommended for the Sub-Assistant Inspector's post Sarada and he got it. Sometime after when he had to vacate the post for a permanent employee he was recommended for the Headmaster's post of the Board secondary school Farshotapur on Rs. 75. The President Taluk Board Chaitrapur appointed him accordingly. But I regret to say that the man disappointed without joining the appointment. He is now if he is believed, residing at his native place Ramachandrapur Sasan, Nimapara post office, Puri District."

Inspector of Schools forwarding note to the President Taluk Board Chaitrapur.

It might have been expected that the Oriya Samaj would have recommended a genuine man, seeing that the Farshotapur School has been opened entirely in Oriya interests. But unfortunately it is characteristic of Oriyas who offer themselves, or are recommended, for appointment merely to prevaricate."

A meeting of the Senate of the Patna University will be held on Saturday, December the 8th, 1917, at 2 P. M., in the hall of the Patna Collegiate School, Bankipore. Representatives of the Press may attend.

ଓଡ଼ିଆ — ଏହି କାମରେ ଯେଉଁ ଉପକ୍ରମ ସମ୍ପାଦନା "ଉତ୍ତର ସମ୍ପାଦନା" ପସ୍ତୁର କରାଯାଇଛି ତାହା ଉପକ୍ରମିକ ଭାବେ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଏହି ଉପକ୍ରମ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ପ୍ରକାଶ ପାଇଁ ଯେଉଁ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି ତାହା ଉପକ୍ରମିକ ଭାବେ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଏହି ଉପକ୍ରମ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ପ୍ରକାଶ ପାଇଁ ଯେଉଁ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି ତାହା ଉପକ୍ରମିକ ଭାବେ କରାଯାଇଛି ।

କରିବା । ତାହା ସବୁ ସମ୍ପର୍କ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠା କରିବା ପାଇଁ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି ।

ସମ୍ପାଦକଙ୍କୁ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଏହି ପତ୍ରିକା ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଏହି ପତ୍ରିକା ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଏହି ପତ୍ରିକା ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଏହି ପତ୍ରିକା ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି ।

ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଏହି ପତ୍ରିକା ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଏହି ପତ୍ରିକା ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଏହି ପତ୍ରିକା ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି । ଏହି ପତ୍ରିକା ସମ୍ପାଦନା ପତ୍ରିକାରେ ଉପକ୍ରମ କରାଯାଇଛି ।









# ପ୍ରସିଦ୍ଧ ଉପହାର କରିବା ଶ୍ରୀ ବାଣୀମୟ କବିରତ୍ନଙ୍କର କେତକୀ କ୍ରମେ ଚଳେ ।



ପ୍ରସିଦ୍ଧ ଉପହାର  
କରିବା ଶ୍ରୀ ବାଣୀମୟ କବିରତ୍ନଙ୍କର  
କେତକୀ କ୍ରମେ ଚଳେ ।

ଏହାର ସୁଖ ସାଧକର ଓ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ, କେତକୀ କ୍ରମେ ଚଳେ ।

କେତକୀ କ୍ରମେ ଚଳେ । ଏହାର ସୁଖ ସାଧକର ଓ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ ।

କେତକୀ କ୍ରମେ ଚଳେ । ଏହାର ସୁଖ ସାଧକର ଓ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ ।

### କବିରତ୍ନ ଓଷଧୀଳୟ ।

କବିରତ୍ନଙ୍କର ଓଷଧୀଳୟ । ଏହାର ସୁଖ ସାଧକର ଓ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ ।

### କବିରତ୍ନଙ୍କର ଓଷଧୀଳୟ

କବିରତ୍ନଙ୍କର ଓଷଧୀଳୟ । ଏହାର ସୁଖ ସାଧକର ଓ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ ।

### କାହାଣୀ-କାଳି

କାହାଣୀ-କାଳି । ଏହାର ସୁଖ ସାଧକର ଓ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ ।

### କ୍ରୀଡ଼ା କ୍ରମେ

କ୍ରୀଡ଼ା କ୍ରମେ । ଏହାର ସୁଖ ସାଧକର ଓ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ ।

### ଅର୍ଥମ ସୁଖିନୀ ଓଷଧୀ

ଅର୍ଥମ ସୁଖିନୀ ଓଷଧୀ । ଏହାର ସୁଖ ସାଧକର ଓ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ ।

### କାଳିକା କ୍ରମେ

କାଳିକା କ୍ରମେ । ଏହାର ସୁଖ ସାଧକର ଓ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ ।

### କାଳିକା କ୍ରମେ

କାଳିକା କ୍ରମେ । ଏହାର ସୁଖ ସାଧକର ଓ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ ।

### କାଳିକା କ୍ରମେ

କାଳିକା କ୍ରମେ । ଏହାର ସୁଖ ସାଧକର ଓ ମାର୍ଗଦର୍ଶକ ।

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